Department of Physics

Course Specific Outcome: B. Sc. in Physics

Upon completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1. develop analytical abilities towards real world problems.
- 2. have the ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results, both in the core areas of physics and interdisciplinary areas.
- 3. become familiar with current and recent scientific and technological developments.
- 4. enrich knowledge through problem solving, hands on activities, study visits, projects etc.
- 5. use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data.
- 6. apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems.
- 7. communicate scientific results effectively in presentations or posters.
- 8. a thorough quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, such as Mathematical technics, classical mechanics, quantum mechanics, Geophysics, thermodynamics, atomic- molecular-nuclear physics, electrodynamics, solid state physics, Theory of Relativity and electronics at a level compatible with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions.

Course Objectives and Outcomes

Programme	Objectives:	Course	Expected learning outcomes from the curriculum
		(Subject)	
F.Y.B.Sc.	1. To develop analytical	Semester-I	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
	abilities towards real	Physics –I:	1. Understand Newton's laws and apply them in calculations of the motion of
	world problems.	Classical	simple systems.
	2. To familiarize with	Physics	2. Use the free body diagrams to analyze the forces on the object.
	current and recent		3. Understand the concepts of friction and the concepts of elasticity, fluid
	scientific and		mechanics and be able to perform calculations using them.

technological		4. Understand the concepts of lens system and interference.
developments.		5. Apply the laws of thermodynamics to formulate the relations necessary to
3. To enrich knowledge		analyze a thermodynamic process.
through problem solving,		6. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered
hands on activities, study	Semester-I	After successful completion of this course students will be able to
visits, projects etc.	Physics –II:	1. Understand nuclear properties and nuclear behavior.
	Modern	2. Understand the type isotopes and their applications.
	Physics	3. Demonstrate and understand the quantum mechanical concepts.
		4. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
	Semester-II	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
	Physics –I:	1. Understand the basic mathematical concepts and applications of them in
	Mathematical	physical situations.
	Physics	2. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
	Semester-II	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
	Physics –II:	1. understand basic concepts of a.c. circuit.
	Electricity and	2. become familiar with digital electronics
	Electronics	3. extend the knowledge of electricity and magnetism beyond school level

Programme	Objectives:	Course	Expected learning outcomes from the curriculum
		(Subject)	
S.Y.B.Sc.	Upon completion of the course,	Semester-III	On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	students should have acquired	Physics –I:	1. Understand the concepts of mechanics & properties of matter & to apply
	the following knowledge and	Mechanics and	them to problems.

skills:	Thermodynamics	2. Comprehend the basic concepts of thermodynamics & its applications in
1. a thorough quantitative and		physical situation.
conceptual understanding of the		3. Learn about situations in low temperature.
core areas of physics, including		4. Demonstrate tentative problem solving skills in all above areas.
mechanics, , thermodynamics,	Semester-III	On successful completion of this course students will be able to :
quantum mechanics, electronics	Physics –II:	1. Understand the basic concepts of mathematical physics and their
at a level compatible with	Vector calculus	applications in physical situations.
graduate programs in physics at	,Analog	2. Understand the basic laws of electrodynamics and be able to perform
peer institutions.	Electronics	calculations using them.
.2. the ability to analyze and		3. Understand the basics of transistor biasing, operational amplifiers, their
interpret quantitative results,		applications
both in the core areas of physics		4. Understand the basic concepts of oscillators and be able to perform
and interdisciplinary areas.		calculations using them.
.3. the ability to use		5. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skill in all the topics covered.
contemporary experimental		
apparatus and analysis tools to	Semester-III	On completion of this, it is expected that
acquire, analyze and interpret	Physics –III:	1. Students will be exposed to contextual real life situations.
scientific data.	Applied Physics	2. Students will appreciate the role of Physics in 'interdisciplinary areas related
.4. the ability to apply the	- I	to materials, Crystal physics, and Acoustics etc.
principles of physics to solve		3. The learner will understand the scope of the subject in Industry & Research.
new and unfamiliar problems.		4. Experimental learning opportunities will faster creative thinking & a spirit
.5. the ability to communicate		of inquiry.
scientific results effectively in		
presentations or posters.	Semester-IV	On successful completion of this course students will be able to :

Physics –I:	1. Understand the diffraction and polarization processes and applications of
Optics and	them in physical situations.
Digital	2. Understand the applications of interference in design and working of
Electronics	interferometers.
	3. Understand the resolving power of different optical instruments.\
	4. Understand the working of digital circuits
	5. Use IC 555 time for various timing applications.
	6. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
Semester-IV	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
Physics –II:	1. Understand the postulates of quantum mechanics and to understand its
Quantum	importance in explaining significant phenomena in Physics.
Mechanics	2. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
Semester-IV	On successful completion of this course, students will be able to:
Physics –III:	Comprehend the basic concepts of Geology and Geophysics.
Applied Physics	2. Learn about microprocessor and assembly language programming.
- II	3. introduced to the basics of communication electronics

Programme	Objectives:	Course (Subject)	Expected learning outcomes from the curriculum
T.Y.B.Sc.	Upon completion of the course, students should have acquired the following knowledge and skills: 1. a thorough quantitative and conceptual understanding of the core areas of physics, such as Mathematical technics, classical mechanics, thermodynamics, atomic-molecular-nuclear physics, electrodynamics, solid state physics, Theory of Relativity and electronics at a level compatible with graduate programs in physics at peer institutions. 2. the ability to analyze and interpret quantitative results, both in the core areas of physics and interdisciplinary areas. 3. the ability to use contemporary experimental apparatus and analysis tools to acquire, analyze and interpret scientific data. 4. the ability to apply the principles of physics to solve new and unfamiliar problems. 5. the ability to communicate	Semester-V Physics –I: Mathematical Methods in Physics, Thermal and Statistical Physics Semester-V Physics –II: Solid State Physics	 the students are expected to learn some mathematical techniques required to understand the physical phenomena at the undergraduate level and get exposure to important ideas of statistical mechanics. The students are expected to be able to solve simple problems in probability, understand the concept of independent events and work with standard continuous distributions. The students will have idea of the functions of complex variables; solve nonhomogeneous differential equations and partial differential equations using simple methods. The units on statistical mechanics would introduce the students to the concept of microstates, Boltzmann distribution and statistical origins of entropy. It is also expected that the student will understand the difference between different statistics, classical as well as quantum. Understand the basics of crystallography, Electrical properties of metals, Band Theory of solids, demarcation among the types of materials, Semiconductor Physics and Superconductivity. Understand the basic concepts of Fermi probability distribution function, Density of states, conduction in semiconductors and BCS theory of superconductivity. Demonstrate quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
	scientific results effectively in presentations or posters.	Semester-V Physics –III:	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will understand 1. the application of quantum mechanics in atomic physics

Applied Component:	Atomic and	2. the importance of electron spin, symmetric and antisymmetric wave
The objective of these papers is to	Molecular	functions and vector atom model
introduce the students to sensors	Physics	3. Effect of magnetic field on atoms and its application
and transducers, Signal		4. Learn Molecular physics and its applications.
conditioning, data acquisition		5. This course will be useful to get an insight into spectroscopy.
systems and measuring		
instruments used in the laboratory.	Semester-V	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
Students are to be exposed to	Physics –IV:	
know, in principle, the modern	Electrodynamics	1) Understand the laws of electrodynamics and be able to perform
techniques in the field of medical		calculations using them.
science. To learn PCB designing		2) Understand Maxwell's electrodynamics and its relation to relativity
and working of consumer		3) Understand how optical laws can be derived from electromagnetic
electronic devices. To develop	G	principles. 4) Develop quantitative problem solving skills.
logic circuit design and	Semester-VI	This course will introduce the students to different aspects of classical
implementation. To know	Physics –I:	mechanics.
advanced programming skills and interfacing techniques. To understand basic building blocks of microcontrollers. To know the terminologies like embedded, CISK and RISK processors. To master Programming and interfacing skills of microprocessor and microcontrollers. To develop object oriented programming skills and programming in C++. To develop various experimental	Classical Mechanics	 They would understand the kinds of motions that can occur under a central potential and their applications to planetary orbits. The students should also appreciate the effect of moving coordinate system, rectilinear as well as rotating. The students are expected to learn the concepts needed for the important formalism of Lagrange's equations and derive the equations using D'Alembert's principle. They should also be able to solve simple examples using this formalism. The introduction to simple concepts from fluid mechanics and understanding of the dynamics of rigid bodies is also expected. Finally, they should appreciate the drastic effect of adding nonlinear corrections to usual problems of mechanics and nonlinear mechanics can help understand the irregularity we observe around us in nature.
skills.	Semester-VI	On successful completion of this course students will be able to:
SKIIIS.	Physics –II: Electronics	Understand the basics of semiconductor devices and their applications.
		1. Understand the basic concepts of operational amplifier: its prototype

	 and applications as instrumentation amplifier, active filters, comparators and waveform generation. 2. Understand the basic concepts of timing pulse generation and regulated power supplies 3. Understand the basic electronic circuits for universal logic building blocks and basic concepts of digital communication. 4. Develop quantitative problem solving skills in all the topics covered.
Semester-VI Physics –III: Nuclear Physics	Upon successful completion of this course, 1. the student will be able to understand the fundamental principles and concepts governing classical nuclear and particle physics and have a knowledge of their applications interactions of ionizing radiation with matter the key techniques for particle accelerators the physical processes involved in nuclear power generation. Knowledge on elementary particles will help students to understand the fundamental constituents of matter and lay foundation for the understanding of unsolved questions about dark matter, antimatter and other research oriented topics.
Semester-VI Physics –IV: Special Theory of Relativity	This course introduces students to the essence of special relativity which revolutionized the concept of physics in the last century by unifying space and time, mass and energy, electricity and magnetism. This course also gives a very brief introduction of general relativity. After the completion of the course the student should be able to 1. Understand the significance of Michelson Morley experiment and failure of the existing theories to explain the null result 2. Understand the importance of postulates of special relativity, Lorentz transformation equations and how it changed the way we look at space and time, Absolutism and relativity, Common sense versus Einstein concept of Space and time. 3. Understand the transformation equations for: Space and time, velocity,

Semester- V and VI Applied Component: Electronic Instrumentation	frequency, mass, momentum, force, Energy, Charge and current density, electric and magnetic fields. Solve problems based on length contraction, time dilation, velocity addition, Doppler effect, mass energy relation and resolve paradoxes in relativity like twin paradox etc. Learner will be able to: 1. Understand the difference between a transducer and a sensor. 2. Understand the construction, working and uses of different types of transducers. 3. Understand the concept of signal conditioning, devices used and their operations. 4. Get acquainted with the measuring instruments used in laboratory. 5. Get the insight of the modern medical instruments in principle, which are used in day to day life. 6. Analyze/design and implement combinational logic circuits. 7. Develop assembly language programing skills and real time applications of microprocessor. 8. Illustrate how to interface the I/O peripheral (PPI) with 8085 microprocessor 9. Understand architecture, silent features, instruction set, programming and interfacing of 8051 microcontroller. 10. Develop the programming skills in programming Language C++. 11. Train their practical knowledge through lab experiments. 12. Get practical training to interface different programmable peripherals and I/O devices to microprocessor and microcontroller. 2.
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